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KENYON & KENYON			TO, BAOQUOC N	
333 WEST SAI	N CARLOS STREET			
SUITE 600			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SAN JOSE, CA	A 95110-2711		2172	•
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Amplication No.	A (4 (-)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	09/480,844	STREET ET AL.				
Onice Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING DATE of this communication	Baoquoc N To	2172				
Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	ur die correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- reply within the statutory minimum of thirt- iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	his action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 15-34 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 1-14 and 35 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 15-34 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers	·					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct T1) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyan rection is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume 3. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language [14] Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	ents have been received. ents have been received in Apriority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). list of the certified copies not pestic priority under 35 U.S.C. first sentence of the specifical	oplication No received in this National Stage received. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) ation or in an Application Data Sheet.				
reference was included in the first sentence of						
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Intondon S	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)				
2) Notice of References Cited (PTO-932) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) 🔲 Notice of In	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-35 are pending in this application.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 15 and 31 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 15-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chow et al. (US. Patent No. 6,029,175).

Regarding on claim 15, Chow teaches development system, comprising: a client (browser client 2) (col. 9, lines 56-58);

an object database including a set of object description files (XML) (col. 6, lines 47-55) and a set of data retrieval programs (CGI) (col. 41, lines 40-45), the set of object description files including at least one object description file corresponding to an object selected by the client, the set of data retrieval programs including at least one data retrieval program corresponding to the target system (col. 9, lines 40-45);

an object interface coupled to the client (client) (col. 9, lines 55-56) and the object database to retrieve object data from an object in the target system (HTTP server 4)

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(col. 9, lines 55-57) using the at least one data retrieval program corresponding to the target system (CGI) (col. 21, lines 30-45), and providing the object data to the client based on the at least one object description file corresponding to the object selected by the client (col. 9, lines 57-58). Although, Chow does not explicitly teaches a target interface coupled to the object interface to enable connection of the object interface to the target system. However, Chow teaches "the client would send an intended destination URL 9 to the remote HTTP server 4, and the remote HTTP server would provide an intended document return 10 to the browser client 2"(col. 9, lines 55-58). This teaches an interface couple from the client 2 and server 4 to retrieve the object data using the HTTP protocol. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in that art at the time of the invention was made to modify Chow's system in order to provide communication between object interface and a target system.

Regarding on claim 16, Chow teaches the object interface obtains target system information from the target system, the target system information including a processor type of the target system (col. 9, lines 60-67) and an operating system type of the target system (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 17, Chow teaches coupling between the client and the object interface includes an application programming interface (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 18, Chow teaches the client is an object browser (col. 41, lines 40-45).

Regarding on claim 19, Chow teaches the object database is an XML object database and the set of object description files are a set of XML object description files

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and the set of data retrieval programs are a set of Gopher programs (CGI) (col. 41, lines 40-45).

Regarding on claim 20, Chow teaches a user-defined XML object database coupled to the object interface and including a set of user-defined XML object description files corresponding to a set of user-defined objects (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 21, Chow teaches the object interface retrieves the set of XML object description files corresponding to the operating system type of the target system and the set of user-defined XML object description files corresponding to the operating system type of the target system (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 22, Chow teaches the client enumerates a set of objects supported using the set of XML object description files and the set of user-defined XML object description files (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 23, Chow teaches the object interface receives the object selected by the client (col. 8, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 24, Chow teaches the object interface retrieves a particular one of the set of XML object description files corresponding to the object selected by the client (col. 9, lines 69-67) and retrieves a particular one of the set of Gopher programs (HTTP) corresponding to the processor type of the target system (col. 41, lines 40-50).

Regarding on claim 25, Chow teaches the object interface retrieves the object data from the object in the target system by sending the retrieved one of the set of Gopher programs (CGI) (col. 7, lines 40-46) through the target interface into the target system (col. 8, lines 27-31).

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Regarding on claim 26, Chow teaches the object data is decoded using the retrieved one of the set of XML object description files to form decoded object data (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 27, Chow teaches the decoded object data and a presentation format is sent to the client allowing the client to be data driven (col. 41, lines 45-50).

Regarding on claim 28, Chow teaches the object database is an object description module and the set of object description files in the object database are a set of XML object description files and the set of data retrieval programs in the object database are a set of data extraction routines (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 29, Chow teaches the object interface retrieves a particular one of the set of data extraction routines corresponding to the processor type of the target system (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 30, Chow teaches the object interface retrieves the object data from the object in the target system by passing the retrieved one of the set of data extraction routines through the target interface into the target system (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 31, Chow teaches a method for retrieving and presenting data from a target system, comprising:

retrieving object data (URL) from the target system for an object selected by a client (col. 9, lines 60-67), the retrieval performed by using one of the set of data

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retrieval programs corresponding to the target system (CGI) (col. 9, lines 60-67 and col. 10, lines 1-5); and

Chow does not explicitly teach providing the object data and a presentation format to the client, the object data and the presentation format based upon one corresponding to the object selected by the client of a set of object description files. However, Chow teaches "the protocol used between WWW client browsers and severs is the HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP). The information on a "page" that is displayed by the browser can be written in either plain text or HyperText Markup Language (HTML) format, which is a document type definition (DTD) written in the standard Generalized Markup Language (SGML)" (col. 41, lines 44-40). This teaches the object displayed by the HTML format are the object data and presentation format based upon one corresponding to the object selected by the client of a set of object description files. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Chow's system by incorporating the use of displaying the object in the HTML format in order to allow the document to display in the corrected format for requesters.

Regarding on claim 32, Chow teaches retrieving the object data includes receiving target system information from the target system (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Regarding on claim 33, Chow teaches retrieving the object data includes retrieving a set of object description files corresponding to the target system information (col. 41, lines 45-50).

Regarding on claim 34, Chow teaches retrieving the object data includes

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sending to the client a set of objects supported, the set of objects supported based on the set of object description files retrieved (col. 9, lines 60-67).

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 1-14 and 35 are allowed over cited arts of records.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: None of known prior arts either alone or incombination teach or suggest retrieving one of a set of data retrieval programs corresponding to the target information; retrieving object data about the selected object using the retrieved one of the set of data retrieval programs; decoding the object data about the user selected object using the selected one of the set of object descriptions files corresponding to the selected object to form decode object data.

Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Baoquoc N. To whose telephone number is (703) 305-1949 or via e-mail Baoquoc N. To@uspto.gov. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday: 8:00 AM – 4:30 PM, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Breene can be reached at (703) 305-9790.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231.

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The fax numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follow:

(703) 872-9306 [Official Communication]

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Crystal Park II
2121 Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202
Fourth Floor (Receptionist).

Baoquoc N. To January 8, 2004

JOHN BREENE
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100